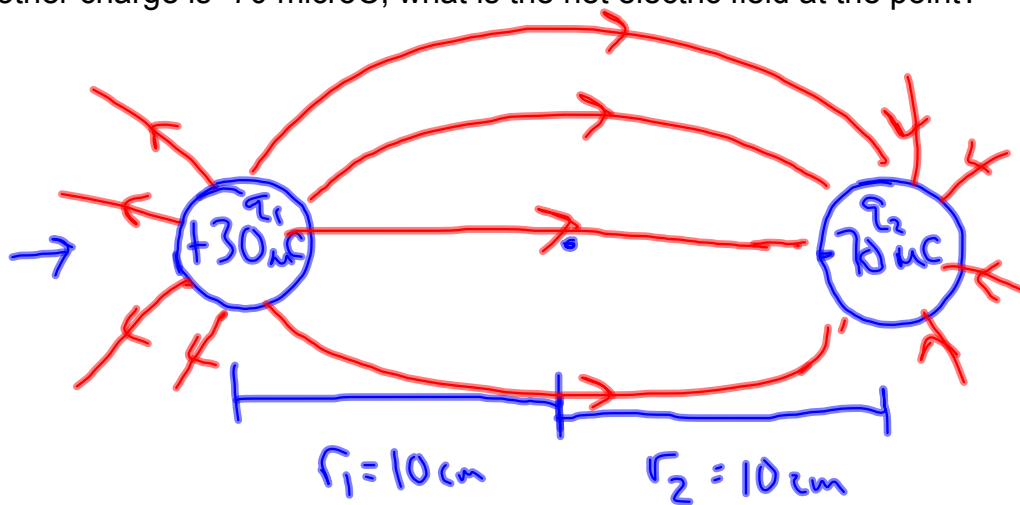


Electric Field Practice Problems 1st Block 11.8.11

Two charges are separated by a distance of 20 cm, and there is a point halfway between them at which we want to measure the electric field. If one charge is +30 microC and the other charge is -70 microC, what is the net electric field at the point?



$$\Sigma \vec{E}_{\text{net}} = \vec{E}_1 + \vec{E}_2$$

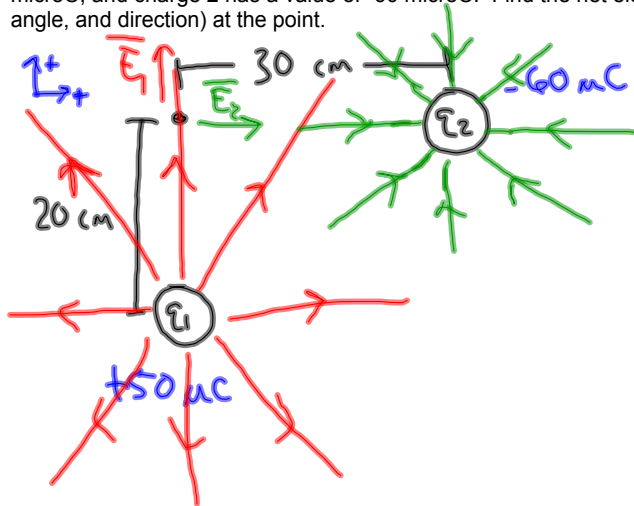
$$= +k \frac{|q_1|}{r_1^2} + \frac{k |q_2|}{r_2^2}$$

$$= \frac{(8.99 \times 10^9 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}^2/\text{C}^2)(30 \times 10^{-6} \text{ C})}{(.10 \text{ m})^2} + \frac{(8.99 \times 10^9 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}^2/\text{C}^2)(70 \times 10^{-6} \text{ C})}{(.1 \text{ m})^2}$$

$$= 8.99 \times 10^7 \text{ N/C}$$

Electric Field Practice Problems 1st Block 11.8.11

Two charges are arranged with a point in a right triangle. Charge 1 has a value of +50 microC, and charge 2 has a value of -60 microC. Find the net electric field (magnitude, angle, and direction) at the point.



$$\begin{aligned}\Sigma \vec{E}_x &= \vec{E}_{1x} + \vec{E}_{2x} \\ &= \frac{k|q_2|}{r_2^2} = \frac{(8.99 \times 10^9 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}^2/\text{C}^2)(60 \times 10^{-6} \text{ C})}{(.3 \text{ m})^2} \\ &= 6.0 \times 10^6 \text{ N/C}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\Sigma \vec{E}_y &= \vec{E}_{1y} + \vec{E}_{2y} \\ &= \frac{k|q_1|}{r_1^2} = \frac{(8.99 \times 10^9 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}^2/\text{C}^2)(50 \times 10^{-6} \text{ C})}{(.2 \text{ m})^2} \\ &= 1.1 \times 10^7 \text{ N/C}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}E &= 1.27 \times 10^7 \text{ N/C} \\ \theta &= 28.6^\circ \\ &\text{N of E}\end{aligned}$$